REMA TIP TOP Tube Patch

REMA TIP TOP offers a wide variety of specially designed one piece construction Inner tube Repair Units. REMA TIP TOP not only offers a wide variety of these Repair Units, but offers them in red or black “Feathered” Edges. The “Feathered”, or “Zig Zag” edge, has become REMA TIP TOP’s trademark. It allows our Repair Units to grow as the tube is inflated.

REMA TIP TOP Inner Tube Repair

1. Inspect the tube for the extent of the injury.
2. Round, or “button hole” the ends of the split.
3. Trim a strip of rubber 1/16” of the length of the injury to prevent chaffing.
4. Spray Pre-Buff Cleaner to clean the repair area.
5. Scrape the contamination from the area.
6. Select proper Tube Repair Unit. The Repair Unit should be approximately ½” larger than the prepared injury.
7. Using a low speed buffer (<5000rpm), buff the desired area.

8. Clean the buffed area by using a brass brush.

9. Apply a thin application of the proper cement and allow to dry.

10. Remove the protective foil from the back of the Repair Unit and apply over the injury / cemented area. Avoid touching the Repair Unit.

11. Stitch vigorously from the center out to remove any trapped air.

12. Remove the plastic on top of the Repair Unit.

13. Inflate and inspect for leaks.
Daisy Chaining REMA TIP TOP Tube Repair Units

If the injury is larger than the Rema Tube Repair Unit, they may be overlapped, or “Daisy Chained”.

1. Inspect the tube for the extent of the injury.
2. Round, or “button hole” the ends of the split
3. Follow steps 4 to 11.

4. Select the appropriate size of tube repair to be used.
5. Buff remaining half of the injury as well as top half of applied Repair Unit.
6. Clean the buffed area by using a brass brush.
7. Cement buffed area including the buffed area of the first Repair Unit. Allow to dry.
8. Remove the protective foil from the back of the Repair Unit and apply over the injury / cemented area. Avoid touching the Repair Unit.
9. Stitch vigorously from the center out to remove any trapped air.
10. Remove the plastic on top of the Repair Unit.
11. Inflate and inspect for leaks.

**Repairing a Star Brake**

Inspect the tube for the extent of the damage.

If a star break is small enough, the area may be rounded off by simply cutting out the damaged area making sure that all of the injury has been removed. Follow steps 1 to 13 of REMA TIP TOP Inner Tube Repair process shown on pages 2 and 3.

If the brake is too large, each brake must be removed by following steps 1 to 13 of REMA TIP TOP Inner Tube Repair process shown on pages 2 and 3.

**Valve Replacement**

1. Remove the old valve
2. Round the injury.
3. Spray Pre-Buff Cleaner to clean the repair area.
4. Scrape the contamination from area.
5. Using a low speed buffer, buff the desired area where the old valve was removed.

6. Clean the buffed area by using a brass brush.

7. Apply a thin application of the proper cement and allow to dry.

8. Remove the protective foil from the back of the Repair Unit and apply over the injury / cemented area. Avoid touching Repair Unit.

9. Stitch vigorously from the center out to remove trapped air.

10. Remove the plastic from the top of the Repair Unit.

11. Move to the opposite side of the innertube and make a new hole to install the new valve.

12. Use Pre-Buff Cleaner to clean the repair area. Spray and scrape the contamination from area.
13. Mark the area to be buffed.

14. Using a low speed buffer, buff the desired area.

15. Clean the buffed area by using a brass brush.

16. Apply a thin application of the proper cement and allow to dry.

17. Line up the screw-on spud over the new hole and press firmly into place.

18. Stitch the base of valve thoroughly onto the inner tube starting in the center moving outward.

19. Screw on the appropriate spud and the repair is complete.

20. Tractor air-water valve replacement on an inner tube, follow steps 1 – 19.